Premium Plan

In this plan you’ll find:

• Step-by-step construction instruction.
• A complete bill of materials.
• Construction drawings and related photos.
• Tips to help you complete the project and become a better woodworker.

Router-Made Picture Frames

These plans are best viewed with Adobe Reader installed on your computer. If you want to get a free copy, visit: http://adobe.com/reader.
Router-Made Picture Frames

We provide the know-how for some gift-appropriate, custom-built picture frames.

When it comes to creating picture frames on a router table, the options become nearly overwhelming — after all, a picture frame is simply a molding mitered to surround art of some sort.

After working on many samples using a multitude of router bits, we focused on creating interesting frames with a minimum number of bits, as shown at left.
Framing a piece of art, be it an original oil painting by an established artist, a favorite photo, or even a masterpiece from the hand of a grandchild, requires making some choices. Do you want a classic-looking frame with major molded accents and multiple shadow lines built in? Or would simple lines and basic shapes set off the art in a more pleasing way? The choices are highly subjective and will vary from one person to the next. Curiously, that same level of subjectivity is in play when it comes to making a picture frame. Which is one reason that, when it came to designing a couple of picture frames for our year-end Small Shop Journal article, it was a very difficult effort. Everyone in the room had good ideas, strong opinions and arguments in their favor. Which, of course, meant that nothing was agreed upon.

So, with that in mind we decided to just go into the shop and proceed with two main goals. The first, to come up with two attractive but very different styles of picture frames. The second was that they should not require a builder to purchase 10 additional router bits just to make them.

After a few false starts and several mock-ups, those goals were achieved in the two frames you see at the top of this page: one a more traditional-looking frame made from mahogany, and one more modern-looking, made from maple and padauk. In total, they use four different router bits. The “classic” picture frame uses three cutters and the “contemporary” uses only two.

Wood species choice is another variable that is fairly subjective. If the padauk stock in the contemporary picture frame looks a tad too orange for you, perhaps by substituting cherry you can achieve a nice contrast with a more subdued hue. Or maybe you like a strong contrast but would prefer it to be domestic walnut — that’s your call.

In the same way, you may prefer walnut over mahogany in the classic frame, or red oak, ash or cherry, to name a few. Some might make the picture frame from yellow poplar and paint it.

Milling the Classic Frame

The main molding of the classic frame is formed in six steps. See the Drawings on page 80 for details. With the 1/2”-thick stock cut to width, set up a 3/4” radiused cove bit in your router table. As you can see in the photos on the next page, how you hold the stock against
Mock-ups Make Setup Easier:

A mock-up of the main piece of molding for the classic picture frame was made from MDF. The mock-up helps set up the cove bit in the router table to form the mahogany molding. Note the orientation of the stock.

The cove cut on the outside edge of the classic frame’s main molding is made by changing the stock’s orientation — running it flat on the table’s surface. No change to the fence or the bit’s height is required.

Use the same bit and settings to make the first cut on the classic frame’s accent molding. One of the advantages of this design is that you can achieve varied-looking coves with only a few bit adjustments.

Only when making this last cut with the cove bit do you need to change the setup. And all that is required is lowering the bit by about 1/16” to get the last shape on the accent molding.

The fence will affect the shape of the cove you form on the wood. Start with the wide face of the stock held against the face of the fence and run the length of the stock through the bit. Although not shown in the photos, a featherboard (or even two) will give you added control if you are shaping long pieces of stock. How much stock you need to shape will be determined by the size of the photo or piece of art that you will be framing. It’s a good idea to figure that out before you get started. Now before you get worried, the photos above were shot to show you proper stock orientation. The bit was not spinning and the guards are removed so you can see things clearly. (No fingers were injured during the making of these moldings.)

The next cut will form the back (outside) edge of the main molding. Make this with the face of the wood flat against the router table top. Take a minute to inspect the cuts you have made, to be certain that you did not waver in your cut. You can go back and fix any high spots if you need to.

Now grab the accent molding stock, which you will need to have cut to width from 1/2”-thick stock as well. Again, look to the photos above and the Drawings on the next page for details. For the last cut (photo, lower right), you will need to drop the router bit just a hair to get the shape right. With that done, chuck a core box bit in the router and shape the flutes into the main molding. Take some time to sand your pieces and then get ready to glue them together. This is best done on a workbench as shown in the photo on page 3. Your last routing step is to
Router Bits

A total of four router bits were used to make the two picture frames above. The contemporary frame used only a straight bit and a chamfering bit. The classic frame used the core box bit, straight bit and the bearing-guided cove bit.

- **Straight Bit (3/4" Diameter x 1-1/4") #40359** .......... $20.99 ea.
- **Chamfer Bit (45 Degree x 1/8" Dia.) #25162** .......... $32.99 ea.
- **Cove Bit (3/4" Radius x 7/8" H) #91540** .............. $52.99 ea.
- **Core Box Bit (1/4" Dia. x 1/4" H) #90891** .............. $17.99 ea.

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**Contemporary Frame**

The process of making the contemporary frame is even easier than making the classic frame. You only need a 3/4”-diameter straight bit and a piloted 45° chamfer bit.

With the 3/4”-thick stock ripped to its proper width, form the first of three rabbets in the wood, using the Drawings as a guide. When you’ve completed all the rabbets, rip the 1/4”-thick accent stock to width and glue it in place, in a manner similar to the photo on page 3. When the glue on the last piece has cured, chuck the chamfer bit in the router table and shape the three edges as shown in the Drawing. Once again, some sanding before you cut the pieces to length is a good idea, then step to the miter saw to cut your miters. Miter-cut the molding pieces to length, dry fitting the joints to test the accuracy of the miters. A band clamp is one preferred method for gluing and clamping up miter joints.

When the glue has cured, remove the squeeze-out and do a final sanding. Apply your finish, and the project is complete.

**Picture frames make great gifts and are fun projects to do. And they are well-suited to a small shop environment.**